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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTON		
09/894,550	06/28/2001	Albert Collinson	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
			BBC-083 A US	6240	
	12/22/2003				
KENNETH P. ZWICKER			EXAMINER		
ABBOTT BIORESEARCH CENTER			ANDRES, J	ANDRES, JANET L	
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WORCESTER,	MA 01605		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1646	4-11	
			DATE MAILED: 12/22/2003	4-16	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No. Applicant(s) 09/894,550 COLLINSON ET AL. Interview Summary Examiner Art Unit 1646 Janet L. Andres All participants (applicant, applicant's representative, PTO personnel): (1) Janet L. Andres. (2) Ken Zwicker. Date of Interview: 16 December 2003. Type: a) ☐ Telephonic b) ☐ Video Conference c) Personal [copy given to: 1) applicant 2) applicant's representative Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted: d) Yes e) No. If Yes, brief description: . Claim(s) discussed: pending elected claims. Identification of prior art discussed: _____. Agreement with respect to the claims f) was reached. g) was not reached. h) \square N/A. Substance of Interview including description of the general nature of what was agreed to if an agreement was reached, or any other comments: See Continuation Sheet. (A fuller description, if necessary, and a copy of the amendments which the examiner agreed would render the claims allowable, if available, must be attached. Also, where no copy of the amendments that would render the claims

THE FORMAL WRITTEN REPLY TO THE LAST OFFICE ACTION MUST INCLUDE THE SUBSTANCE OF THE INTERVIEW. (See MPEP Section 713.04). If a reply to the last Office action has already been filed, APPLICANT IS GIVEN ONE MONTH FROM THIS INTERVIEW DATE, OR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS INTERVIEW SUMMARY FORM, WICHEVER IS LATER, TO FILE A STATEMENT OF THE SUBSTANCE OF THE INTERVIEW. See Summary of Record of Interview requirements on reverse side or on attached sheet.

Examiner Note: You must sign this form unless it is an Attachment to a signed Office action.

allowable is available, a summary thereof must be attached.)

Examiner's signature, if required

Summary f Record of Interview Requirements

✓ Manual of Patent Examining Procedure (MPEP), Section 713.04, Substance of Interview Must be Made of Record

A complete written statement as to the substance of any face-to-face, video conference, or telephone interview with regard to an application must be made of record in the application whether or not an agreement with the examiner was reached at the interview.

Title 37 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 1.133 Interviews

Paragraph (b)

In every instance where reconsideration is requested in view of an interview with an examiner, a complete written statement of the reasons presented at the interview as warranting favorable action must be filed by the applicant. An interview does not remove the necessity for reply to Office action as specified in §§ 1.111, 1.135. (35 U.S.C. 132)

37 CFR §1.2 Business to be transacted in writing.

All business with the Patent or Trademark Office should be transacted in writing. The personal attendance of applicants or their attorneys or agents at the Patent and Trademark Office is unnecessary. The action of the Patent and Trademark Office will be based exclusively on the written record in the Office. No attention will be paid to any alleged oral promise, stipulation, or understanding in relation to which there is disagreement or doubt.

The action of the Patent and Trademark Office cannot be based exclusively on the written record in the Office if that record is itself incomplete through the failure to record the substance of interviews.

It is the responsibility of the applicant or the attorney or agent to make the substance of an interview of record in the application file, unless the examiner indicates he or she will do so. It is the examiner's responsibility to see that such a record is made and to correct material inaccuracies which bear directly on the question of patentability.

Examiners must complete an Interview Summary Form for each interview held where a matter of substance has been discussed during the interview by checking the appropriate boxes and filling in the blanks. Discussions regarding only procedural matters, directed solely to restriction requirements for which interview recordation is otherwise provided for in Section 812.01 of the Manual of Patent Examining Procedure, or pointing out typographical errors or unreadable script in Office actions or the like, are excluded from the interview recordation procedures below. Where the substance of an interview is completely recorded in an Examiners Amendment, no separate Interview Summary Record is required.

The Interview Summary Form shall be given an appropriate Paper No., placed in the right hand portion of the file, and listed on the "Contents" section of the file wrapper. In a personal interview, a duplicate of the Form is given to the applicant (or attorney or agent) at the conclusion of the interview. In the case of a telephone or video-conference interview, the copy is mailed to the applicant's correspondence address either with or prior to the next official communication. If additional correspondence from the examiner is not likely before an allowance or if other circumstances dictate, the Form should be mailed promptly after the interview rather than with the next official communication.

The Form provides for recordation of the following information:

- Application Number (Series Code and Serial Number)
- Name of applicant
- Name of examiner
- Date of interview
- Type of interview (telephonic, video-conference, or personal)
- Name of participant(s) (applicant, attorney or agent, examiner, other PTO personnel, etc.)
- An indication whether or not an exhibit was shown or a demonstration conducted
- An identification of the specific prior art discussed
- An indication whether an agreement was reached and if so, a description of the general nature of the agreement (may be by
 attachment of a copy of amendments or claims agreed as being allowable). Note: Agreement as to allowability is tentative and does
 not restrict further action by the examiner to the contrary.
- The signature of the examiner who conducted the interview (if Form is not an attachment to a signed Office action)

It is desirable that the examiner orally remind the applicant of his or her obligation to record the substance of the interview of each case. It should be noted, however, that the Interview Summary Form will not normally be considered a complete and proper recordation of the interview unless it includes, or is supplemented by the applicant or the examiner to include, all of the applicable items required below concerning the substance of the interview.

A complete and proper recordation of the substance of any interview should include at least the following applicable items:

- 1) A brief description of the nature of any exhibit shown or any demonstration conducted,
- 2) an identification of the claims discussed,
- 3) an identification of the specific prior art discussed,
- 4) an identification of the principal proposed amendments of a substantive nature discussed, unless these are already described on the Interview Summary Form completed by the Examiner,
- 5) a brief identification of the general thrust of the principal arguments presented to the examiner,
 - (The identification of arguments need not be lengthy or elaborate. A verbatim or highly detailed description of the arguments is not required. The identification of the arguments is sufficient if the general nature or thrust of the principal arguments made to the examiner can be understood in the context of the application file. Of course, the applicant may desire to emphasize and fully describe those arguments which he or she feels were or might be persuasive to the examiner.)
- 6) a general indication of any other pertinent matters discussed, and
- 7) if appropriate, the general results or outcome of the interview unless already described in the Interview Summary Form completed by the examiner.

Examiners are expected to carefully review the applicant's record of the substance of an interview. If the record is not complete and accurate, the examiner will give the applicant an extendable one month time period to correct the record.

Examiner to Check for Accuracy

If the claims are allowable for other reasons of record, the examiner should send a letter setting forth the examiner's version of the statement attributed to him or her. If the record is complete and accurate, the examiner should place the indication, "Interview Record OK" on the paper recording the substance of the interview along with the date and the examiner's initials.

Continuation of Substance of Interview including description of the general nature of what was agreed to if an agreement was reached, or any other comments: The Examiner stated that the application had not been scanned into the IFW system but was not present in central files, the location to which it was charged. It was agreed that the discussion could take place using the specification, Examiner's actions, and attorney's records. Applicant's representative stated that the issues he wished to discuss were the legal standards for the obviousness and enablement rejections. Applicant's representative stated that there was no motivation prior to Applicant's disclosure to make the claimed modifications to the known dual-specificity antibody. Appicant's representative stated that the Examiner had provided no evidence of motivation. Applicant's representative cited case law concerning decorated trash bags, in which the court held that there was no motivation to combine the elements of the invention that were already known in the art. The Examiner's position was that, since IL-1 is a molecule involved in inflammation and of therapeutic interest, there was clear motivation to modify the known dually specific antibody using techniques known to improve various characteristics of the antibodies. It was agreed that the relevant case law would be provided in an after-final amendment for the Examiner's consideration. With respect to the enablement rejection, Applicant's representative stated that inoperative embodiments are allowed and that the fact that only one of the four peptides used generated a dually specific antibody did not indicate undue experimentation in biotechnical fields. Applicant's representative made reference to monoclonal antibody technology. The Examiner maintained her position that Applicant's specification did not provide any basis to predict that any peptide other than that exemplified could be used to generate a dually specific antibody and that the specification provided at best an invitation to experiment to find other functional embodiments. It was agreed that Appliclicant's representative would provide the relevant arguments in an after-final amendment. With respect to the rejection of the claims as requiring that the antibody by not fully mouse, yet encompassing techniques that resulted in fully mouse antibodies, Applicant's representative stated that the modifier excluded such embodiments and that antibodies generated by mouse hybridomas could be modified so that they were not fully mouse. It was agreed that this position would be made of record in the after-final amendment.